Public Kick-Off April 10, 2024 Kingston City Hall



MIDTOWN THRIVING

A Community Vision to Revitalize Vacant Properties





HUDSON VALLEY
PATTERN for PROGRESS

Spanish Language Interpretation Services

Jenny McCormack

Yurmaris Renelt



Agenda

- Welcome from the City of Kingston
- Project Team and Advisory Committee
- NYS Department of State Brownfield Opportunity Area Program
- Pre-Nomination Study
- Midtown Thriving Planning Process
- Questions and Answer
- Community Input





City of Kingston

Bartek Starodaj, Director of Housing Initiatives, City of Kingston

Department of State

Susan Landfried, AICP, Office of Planning, Development & Community Infrastructure

Hudson Valley Pattern for Progress

Adam Bosch, President and CEO

Robin DeGroat, Vice President for Operations

Elka Gotfryd, Executive Director of the Center for Housing Solutions, Senior Planner

Eric Pierson, Executive Director Main Street: Hudson Valley, Senior Research Planner

Yasmine Aziz, Policy Research Associate

Kate Stryker, Director of Resilient Community Planning, Senior Research Planner



Steering Committee Members

Amanda LaValle, Deputy County Executive, Ulster County **Chris Silva**, Executive Director, Ulster County Performing Arts Center

Dan Whalen, Executive Director, Boys and Girls Club **Drew Andrews**, Executive Director, Center for Creative Education

Erica Brown, Community Engagement Coordinator, Radio Kingston

Jeanne Edwards, Alderwoman Ward 4, Kingston City Council

Jillian Pacheco, Community Program Lead, Community Hub Space

Kristen Wilson, Deputy Director of Planning for Ulster County, Ulster County

Lisa Barnard Kelley, Executive Director, Midtown Arts District (MAD)

Lorne Norton, Real Estate Development, RUPCO

Manuel Blas, Head of Spanish Committee, Midtown Business Alliance

Micah, Goodwork Institute

Robert Leibowitz, Principal Planner, Ulster County

Weston Minissali, Taproot CLT

William Cranston, Treasurer, Midtown Business Alliance





What is a Brownfield?

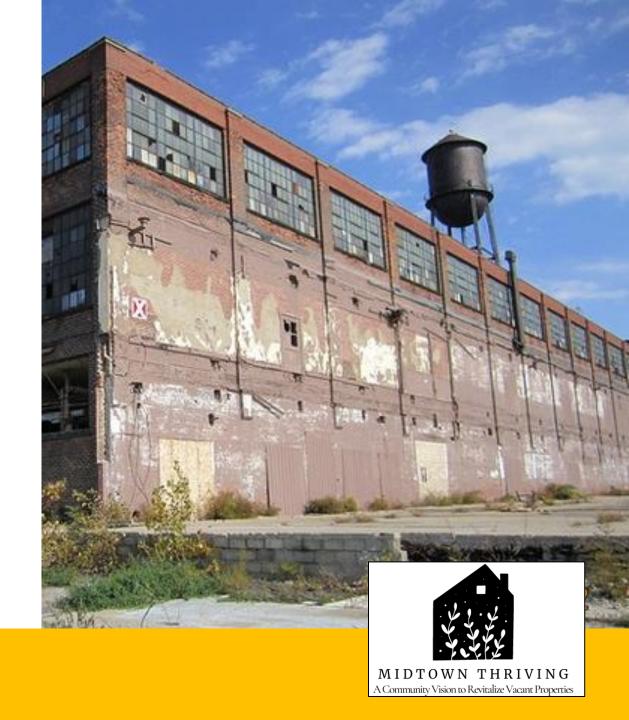
Land that is known or suspected to have environmental contamination.

Typical former uses of brownfields:

- Industry
- Gas stations and autobody shops
- Dry cleaners
- Other

Negative impacts of brownfields:

- Environmental hazards
- Community health risks
- Land remains vacant or underutilized
- Contributes to feelings of unsafety
- Discourages investment in the area



New York State Brownfield Opportunity Area Program

Assistance for the development of a community-based plan to:

- Develop a community-led vision for the neighborhood
- Create development concepts for select vacant and underutilized sites
- Supports the remediation and redevelopment of select brownfields and other vacant sites into productive uses that meet community needs
- Develop other action, policy and investment recommendations for the neighborhood
- Results in a designated Brownfield Opportunity Area (BOA)



Benefits of the BOA Planning Process and Designation

BOA Planning, Brownfield Cleanup and Redevelopment



Social, Economic, and Environmental Benefits

Planning process is an opportunity for community building

Designation of a BOA demonstrates **community support** for certain development which can lead to **expediency** and reduced investment risk

Tax credits to **offset the cost of remediation** and encourage redevelopment of brownfield properties

Redevelopment can lead to the creation of **new housing, job opportunities, and other community benefits**

Cleanup of environmental contamination in the neighborhood and reduction of **public health** risks



Eligible for Additional Public Investment

Analyses, plans and studies

- Environmental, housing, economic
- Building conditions
- Infrastructure
- Renewable energy

Professional services

- Development strategies
- Zoning and regulatory updates
- Legal and financial services
- Public outreach

Phase II Environmental Site Assessments



BOA Case Study: Oswego Corridor BOA

BOA was designated in 2015

Project Highlight: Harbor View Square

Former industrial site was remediated through the Brownfield Cleanup Program and redeveloped with:

- 18 townhomes
- 66 affordable housing units
- 11 accessible units

Buildings were Leadership in Energy and Environmental Design (LEED) certified





BOA Case Study: Downtown Rome, NY

BOA designation led to additional private and public investment (over \$77 million), including:

Demolition and Site Preparation

- National Grid (\$44,000)
- US EPA (\$140,000)
- CDBG (\$78,000)
- City (\$40,000)

Street improvements (i.e. new sidewalks, amenities, green infrastructure)

• \$350,000 grant from a NYS DOT Transportation Alternatives Grant.

Affordable Housing development at DeWitt Clinton School site (80 apartments)

• \$10.2 million from NYS Homes & Community Renewal's Unified Funding Application.





2019 Pre-Nomination Study for Midtown

Midtown Thriving builds off the work done in the pre-nomination study, which:

- Provided preliminary analysis of the study area and of sites
- Gathered community input from focus groups

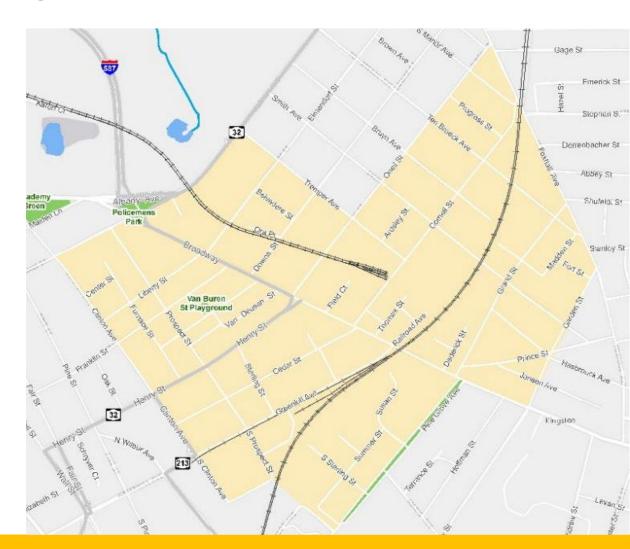




2019 Pre-Nomination Study

Considerations for the 270-acre proposed BOA boundary:

- The Midtown Arts District
- Kingston Greenline street and trails connectivity planning;
- Key manufacturing and rail transportation corridors;
- The largest and highest concentration of underutilized properties in Ulster County;
- One of Ulster's most economically distressed areas based on poverty, income, and home values;
- A diverse and fragmented mix of land uses; and



Pre-Nomination Vision Components

Neighborhood Quality of Life:

A future for residential neighborhoods where strong housing revitalization programs promote homeownership, local ownership of multi-family properties and neighborhood leadership groups are in place to help combat poor housing quality, and distressed properties.

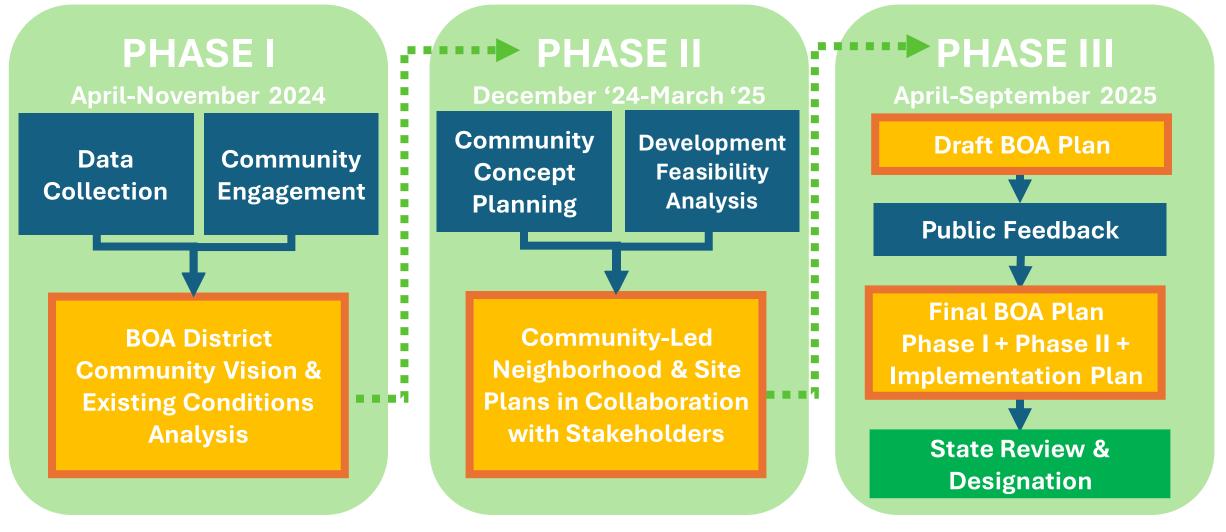
Arts, Culture, Business:

Midtown's economy grows around the arts, education, and business while supporting the area's traditional large-footprint uses.

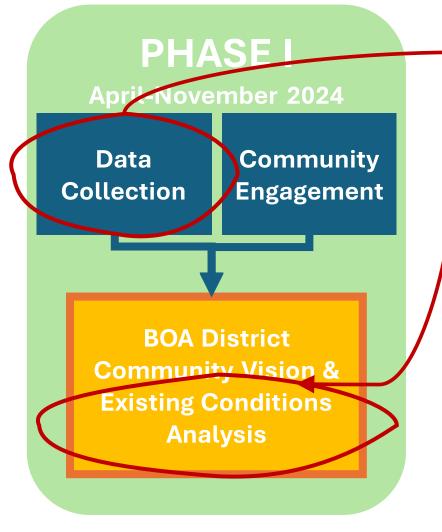
Open Space and Trails:

Multi-modal transportation opportunities that leverage old infrastructure to create a hub of greenway trails with accessible open space for recreation and neighborhood park access.

Midtown Thriving Planning Process

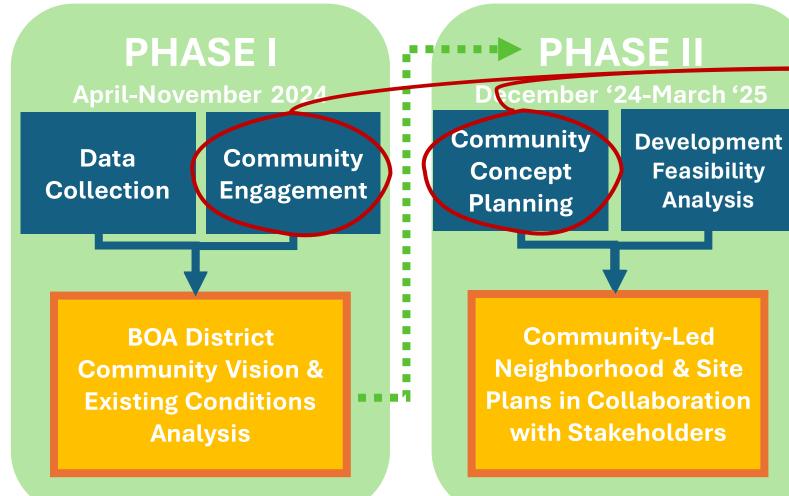


Planning Process: Existing Conditions Analysis



- Economic, demographic, housing data
- Land use, ownership patterns, and zoning
- Transportation systems
- Infrastructure
- Current and future hazards
- Building inventory
- Parks and open space
- Natural resources and environmental features
- Market analysis
- Brownfield, abandoned and vacant sites
- Qualitative input from community engagement

Planning Process: Community Engagement



- Steering Committee
- Public Meetings
- Kitchen Table Meetings
- Visiting Stations
- Traveling Road Show
- Walking Tours
- Public Survey
- Interviews

SPIRAL: Our Commitment for Community and Stakeholder Engagement

Stewardship

Investing in long-term benefits for the land and communities. Protecting the land and the people from damaging processes.

Preservation

Protecting existing community assets & beloved places.

Inspiration

Encouraging creativity and imagination for an aspirational vision beyond planning-as-usual.

Representation

Actively seeking input from traditionally underserved. Ensuring accessibility and accommodations.

Agency

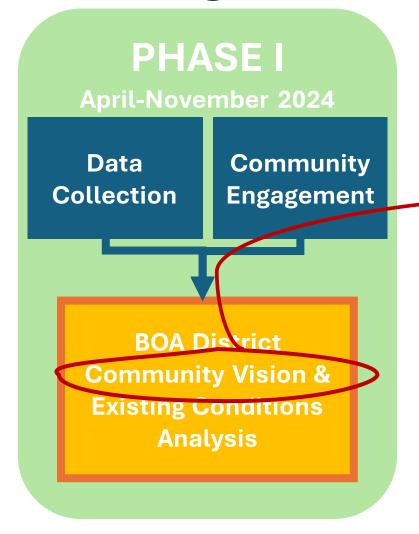
Honoring the community's power to make decisions and influence the process based on their own knowledge of need. The community knows best.

Learning

Moving beyond a process based in "telling" or "informing" to one that is rooted in knowledge-sharing and mutual learning. Involving community members in implementing the engagement plan.



Planning Process: Developing a Community Vision



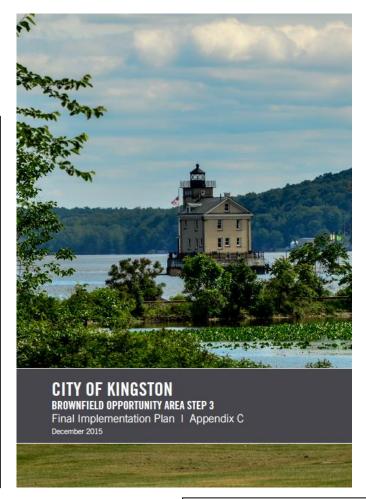
What is a community vision?

A cohesive statement for the area with a list of specific goals to be achieved relative to community redevelopment and investment, as shared and expressed by the community.

Example Vision Statement: Kingston Rondout

In the BOA public workshop in October 1, 2007 more than fifty participants reviewed the vision and goals and discussed their ongoing relevancy. The participants agreed that the current vision statement reflected their ongoing hopes for the BOA. The vision statement, assumptions, givens and goals are summarized below.

"The Kingston waterfront will be an environmentally sustainable, attractive, active, walkable, culturally vibrant district with strong linkages to the rest of the City of Kingston. Shops, restaurants, recreational opportunities, museums, and events will attract visitors and residents seven days per week all through the year. New development will be consistent with established character and will highlight the area's historic and natural resources. Trails, parks, marinas and boat launches will maximize access to the waterways, creating high-quality recreational opportunities, and optimizing meaningful, permanent public access to the waterfront."



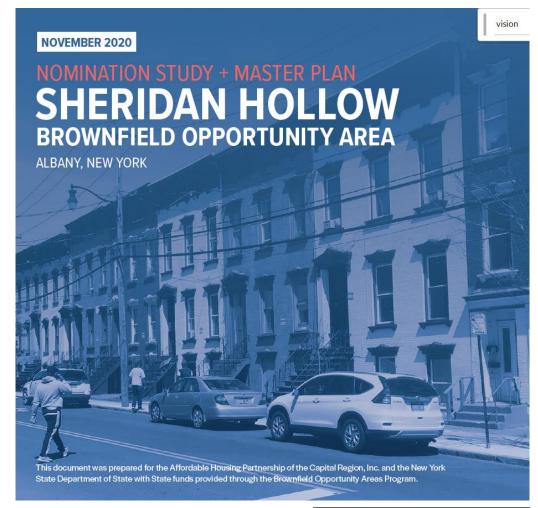


Example Vision Statement: Sheridan Hollow, Albany, NY

"Sheridan Hollow will be a great place to live and work and a community where people want to stay. People of all ages, incomes and culture will make the neighborhood their home, attracted by its variety of quality housing choices, access to jobs, dynamic and accessible public spaces and the neighborhood's commitment to preservation and sustainability. Sheridan Hollow's engaged residents will live in and own their well-loved, healthy, and equitable neighborhood."

Goals:

- Promote housing affordability
- Create economic opportunity
- Strengthen community
- Enhance resiliency

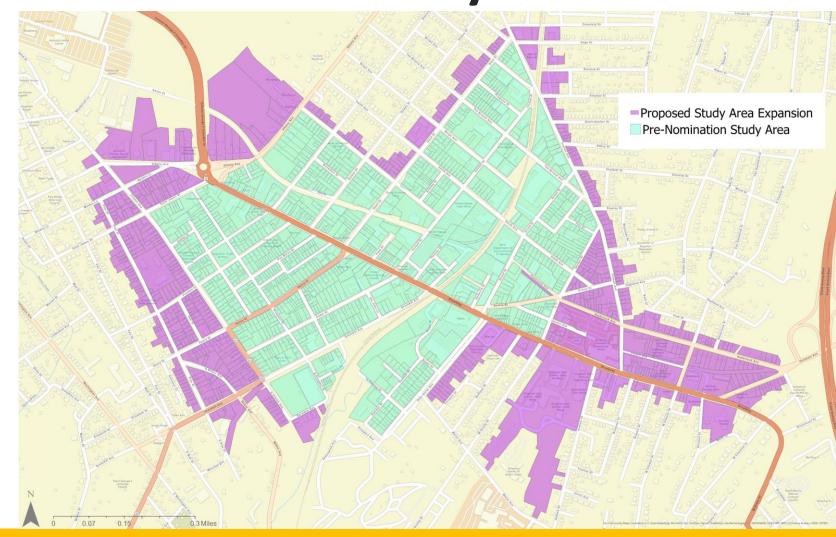




Proposed Expansion of BOA Boundary

Considerations for expansion:

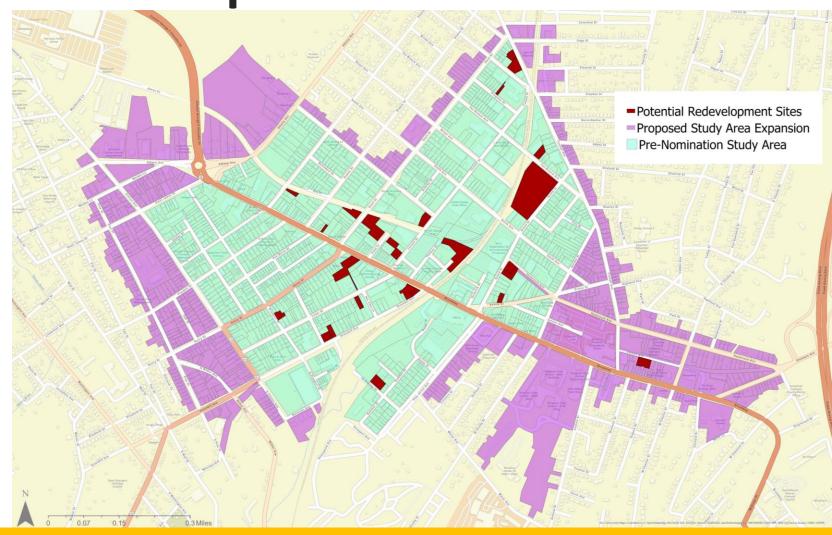
- Businesses along Broadway to Delaware Ave
- Hasbrouck neighborhood
- Industrial sites on Foxhall Ave
- Inclusion of Pine Street neighborhood
- City gateway from I-587
- Connectivity to uptown
- Parcels on both sides of street



Potential Sites for Redevelopment in BOA

Considerations for site selection:

- Pre-Nomination sites
- DEC/EPA sites
- Vacant sites
- Tax delinquent sites
- Underutilized sites



Community-Led Conceptual Site Planning

What goes into site planning?

- Sites are selected when identified by the community as key catalysts for achieving vision goals.
- Sites are evaluated based on certain characteristics, assets, potential or known environmental issues requiring remediation
- Site plans will incorporate strategies to meet community needs such as increasing housing opportunities, and enhancing retail, mixed use, industrial, recreational, cultural, infrastructure, and public amenities.
- Site plans will include implementation strategies, including feasible next steps to advance projects.
- Site planning includes identifying potential partnerships and funding opportunities.





Area-Wide BOA Plan and Redevelopment Opportunities



EXAMPLE:

Sheridan Hollow

SHERIDAN HOLLOW BROWNFIELD OPPORTUNITY AREA

MASTER PLAN

MOBILITY PROJECTS

- Pedestrian Connections up the Hill
- Oyclist Connections up the Hill Strategic Site: The Hill
- Swan Street Stairs Strategic Site: The Hill
- Traffic Calming: Henry Johnson Blvd.
- Alley Extensions
- Multimodal Improvements: Clinton Ave.
- Complete Street Improvements

POLICIES + PROGRAMS

Vacant Lot Toolkit

PUBLIC REALM PROJECTS

- Malcolm X Park
- Veterans Memorial Park
- Swan Street Park Strategic Site: The Hill
- Henry Johnson Underpass Art Installation
- Community Park (Sheridan Avenue Lots)
 Strategic Site: Sheridan Avenue Lots
- Green Infrastructure Opportunities
- Solar Canopy Strategic Site: The Hill

STRATEGIC SITES

Projects on Strategic Sites

REDEVELOPMENT PROJECTS

- Freihofer Building Reuse Strätegic Site: Former Freihofer Plant
- Orange St. Vacant Lot Redevelopment Strätegic Site: Lower Orange Street Lots
- Mixed Use Redevelopment (ACES Lot)
 Strategic Site: ACES Lot (236 Olinton Ave.)
- Hungry Hollow Redevelopment Strategic Site: Former Hungry Hollow
- Road Street Redevelopment Strätegio Site: The Hill
- Cark Street Rehabilitation
- Affordable Housing Redevelopment + Parking Strategic Site: Elk+ Sherman Lots
- Mixed Use Development with Healthy Cafe (129 Lark St.) Strategic Site: Former LIMing Restaurant
- Mixed Use Gateway (283 Sheridan Ave.) Strätteglo Site: 283 Sheridan Ave.
- Lexington/Sheridan Ave. Mixed-Use Redevelopment
- Community Manufacturing Space (233-241 Sheridan Ave.)

Mark your calendar: Upcoming Events and Community Engagement

April 25, 5:30-7:30 p.m.

Kitchen Table Meeting at Broadway Bubble

Hands-on session for community members to share their input for the Midtown Thriving BOA project. Family friendly.

May 15, 6:00-7:30 p.m.

Next public meeting at City Hall, Council Chambers

Presentation on early findings and existing conditions of the Midtown BOA area. Greater detail about the BOA process, case studies and best practices from other communities that can offer insights into the possibilities for Kingston.

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Project Website

- All project materials and updates are posted on the website.
- Join the email list to receive project information.

Midtown Thriving: BOA Grant | EngageKingston.com

https://engagekingston.com/midtown-thriving



QUESTIONS? ¿PREGUNTAS?



What do you think?

Please visit the printed maps and leave your comments and ideas about the BOA boundary.

Notecards:

- 1. What do you like about Midtown?
- 2. What would you improve Midtown?
- 3. What questions do you have about this project?



Thank you!

Email:

kstryker@pfprogress.org bstarodaj@kingston-ny.gov

Project website:

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